

### Wieland-M05

CuZn5 | C21000 | CW500L

Known as Gilding Metal, C21000 is well known for its historic use in the "penny". This versatile, low-cost alloy is often the choice of engineers for applications including deep drawn parts as bullet jackets and coined products. The combination of moderate conductivity and improved strength makes C21000 a valuable option for electrical applications where performance requirements preclude the use of standard copper.

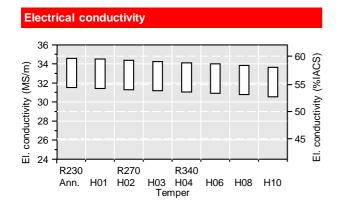
# Chemical composition (Reference) Cu 95 % Zn remainder

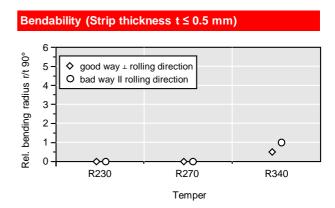
Physical properties (Reference values at room temperature)							
Electrical conductivity	33	MS/m	56	%IACS			
Thermal conductivity	234	W/(m·K)	135	$Btu \cdot ft / (ft^2 \cdot h \cdot \P)$			
Coefficient of electrical resistance*	2.6	10 <sup>-3</sup> /K	1.4	10 <sup>-3</sup> /F			
Coefficient of thermal expansion*	18.0	10 <sup>-6</sup> /K	10.0	10 <sup>-6</sup> /F			
Density	8.86	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	0.320	lb/in <sup>3</sup>			
Modulus of elasticity	117	GPa	17,000	ksi			
Specific heat	0.380	J/(g·K)	0.091	Btu/(lb⋅℉)			
Poisson's ratio	0.34		0.34				

<sup>\*</sup> Between 0 and 300 ℃

Temper	Tensile strength R <sub>m</sub>		Yield stre	ength R <sub>p0.2</sub>	Elongation A <sub>50</sub>	Hardness HV
	MPa	ksi	MPa	ksi	%	
R230	230-280	33-41	≤ 130	≤ 19	≥ 36	(45-75)
R270	270-350	39-51	≥ 200	≥ 29	≥ 12	(75-110)
R340	≥ 340	≥ 49	≥ 280	≥ 41	≥ 4	(105-140)
Annealed	235-275	34-40	(70)	(10)	(45)	
H01*	255-325	37-47	(205)	(30)	(30)	
H02*	290-360	42-52	(305)	(44)	(17)	
H03*	315-385	46-56	(345)	(50)	(9)	
H04*	345-405	50-59	(365)	(53)	(5)	
H06*	385-440	56-64	(405)	(59)	(≤ 2)	
H08*	415-470	60-68	(435)	(63)	(≤2)	
H10*	420-475	61-69	(440)	(64)	(≤ 2)	

<sup>\*</sup> According to ASTM B36

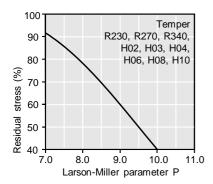




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#### Thermal stress relaxation



Stress remaining after thermal relaxation as a function of Larson-Miller parameter P

(F. R. Larson, J. Miller, Trans ASME74 (1952) 765–775) given by:  $P = (20 + \log(t))^*(T + 273)^*0.001$ .

Time t in hours, temperature T in ℃.

Example: P = 9 is equivalent to 1,000 h/118 °C.

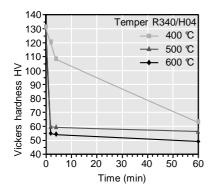
Measured on rolled to temper specimens parallel to rolling direction.

Total stress relaxation depends on the applied stress level. Furthermore, it is increased to some extent by cold deformation.

#### **Fatigue strength**

The fatigue strength is defined as the maximum bending stress amplitude which a material withstands for  $10^7$  load cycles under symmetrical alternate load without breaking. It is dependent on the temper tested and is about 1/3 of the tensile strength  $R_m$ .

#### Softening resistance



Vickers hardness after heat treatment (typical values)

#### Types and formats available

- Standard coils with outside diameters up to 1,400 mm
- Traverse-wound coils with drum weights up to 1.5 t
- Multicoil up to 5 t

- Hot-dip tinned strip
- Contour-milled strip
- Sheet
- Strip and sheet with protective coating

#### **Dimensions available**

- Strip thickness from 0.10 mm, thinner gauges on request
- Strip width from 3 mm, however min. 10 x strip thickness

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